

The Rationale for Using Teflon® Encapsulated O-Rings



The many advantageous features of encapsulated o-rings include:

- Excellent resistance to chemical attack
- FDA Compliant
- USP Class VI compliant
- Low Contamination
- Handle wide temperature range
- Low coefficient of friction

Statements and recommendations in this publication are based on our experience and knowledge of typical applications of this product and shall not constitute a guarantee of performance nor modify or alter our standard warranty for this product.

Prior to actual use it is highly recommended that suitable tests be run to determine this product's suitability in a specific application. This is critical where failure could result in injury or damage.

FEP-/PFA-encapsulated o-rings combine the outlasting chemical resistance of PTFE with the sealing force of an elastomer. In general, Teflon Encapsulated O-Rings should be applied standard elastomers do not provide sufficient chemical resistance.

Typical encapsulated o-rings consist of a Viton® (FKM) or silicone (VMO) core encased in a FEP or PFA sheath. This inventive design provides for an effective sealing element that performs very well in aggressive media.

Encapsulated o-rings are available in all standard English and metric sizes and in virtually any diameter. They should be used in static applications exclusively since damage to the sheath can occur when applied dynamically. Applications that excessively elongate the o-ring should also be avoided.

They are a top choice when the rubber-elastic quality of the seal is indispensable, but the application also requires better chemical resistance than traditional elastomers.

For demanding applications involving aggressive media There are numerous applications where the use of traditional elastomers is ruled out. Aggressive chemicals or extreme temperatures can destroy conventional o-rings. This ultimately leads to leakage.

FEP-/PFA-encapsulated o-rings can be used wherever an elastomer's chemical resistance is insufficient. Here FEP and PFA materials offer chemical resistance while the elastomer core provides elasticity. Seals made of PTFE are not an option in this case. The material does offer outstanding media resistance, but is not associated with elasticity.



The Rationale for Using Teflon® Encapsulated O-Rings

What are the advantages to using encapsulated o-rings?

- Very good resistance to nearly all media (exceptions are alkali metals and some fluorine compounds)
- Applications in broad range of temperatures
- Superbly suited for use in the food, chemical and pharmaceutical industries
- Low contamination
- Low permeation
- Low coefficient of friction prevents the stick-slip effect
- FDA-compliant
- Cost-effective, high-performance seal for many critical application areas

When should encapsulated o-rings not be used?

- In dynamic applications
- In contact with abrasive media
- Under high pressure
- When the o-rings are highly elongated
- When there are high press-in forces in the housing

Availability

Depending on the cross-section diameter, encapsulated o-rings have a lower limit to their inner diameter. If this is taken into account, practically any size can be manufactured.

Profiles and dimensions

The most used profile is the circular cross-section. Oval, rectangular and square profiles can be produced on request. Varying cross-sections are possible in both round and angular profiles. Since there are additional tooling costs for elaborate encapsulations, deviations involving small quantities are not always economical. Encapsulated o-rings can basically be offered in all the metric and imperial cross-section thicknesses.

Customer-specific solutions can also be realized without difficulty. Popular cross-section thicknesses in many dimensions can be delivered from inventory. This ensures the cost-effective and fast availability of what you need. The minimum manufacturing size of the inner diameter depends on the cross-section thickness of the o-ring. At a cross-section thickness of 1.5 mm, the smallest possible inner diameter works out to 5.3 mm. This is a special size for which a production period of 25 work days must be budgeted. Inner diameters of at least 16 mm at a cross-section thickness of 1.5 mm can be delivered as standard, mostly from inventory.

There are no limits on the maximum size of the inner diameter.

Since encapsulated o-rings are only slightly extendable and compressible, the installation space must be oriented to these characteristics when diameters are small.

Tolerances for inner diameters

Encapsulated o-rings cannot be produced with the same tolerances as conventional o-rings. They can deform due to the varying rigidity of the casing and the core due to temperature effects. But they are manufactured in such a way that they remain in compliance with DIN 7715M2F.



The Rationale for Using Teflon® Encapsulated O-Rings

Approvals and compliance

- FDA-compliant
- USP Class VI
- EU Reg. 1935/2004
- 3-A® Sanitary Standards
- ADI-free

Advantages of FEP encapsulation:

- High resistance to numerous chemicals
- High corrosion resistance
- Low compression set
- Low coefficient of friction

Advantages of PFA encapsulation:

- All the benefits of FEP encapsulation
- Greater temperature resistance
- Greater mechanical strength
- Longer service life
- Greater cracking resistance

Materials

FKM or silicone is used as the material for the core of the encapsulated o-ring. EPDM is not recommended due to heat-related changes during the manufacturing process. FKM and silicone withstand these temperatures during production without a decline in performance.

FKM core – FKM (black) features very good rubber-elastic qualities. FKM has the capacity to re-assume its original form after its deformation thanks to its outstanding compression set.

Silicone core – The silicone core (mostly red) is considerably softer than an FKM core. In turn, it is more temperatureresistant. In addition to its superb thermal resistance, it has very good cold flexibility.

FEP encapsulation – FEP (fluorinated ethylene propylene) gives an o-ring its tremendous characteristics relating to its resistance to nearly all liquids, gases and chemicals. The exceptions are liquid alkali metals and some fluorine compounds.

PFA encapsulation – Perfluoroalkoxy copolymer (PFA) resembles FEP in its areas of application. It is distinguished by improved cold flow properties and optimized mechanical qualities at higher temperatures.

Characteristics

FEP and PFA are very similar in their characteristics. PFA stands out for its greater thermal resistance at temperatures exceeding 200 °C. Thanks to the opportunities for combining two encasing materials and two core materials, the best possible encapsulated ring can be selected for a particular application. The formation of the inner elastomer as a hollow core expands the range of applications to uses that require relatively low contact forces.



The Rationale for Using Teflon® Encapsulated O-Rings

Potential encapsulation structures



Solid Core



Hollow Core

Application temperature range

FKM core with FEP encapsulation

-20°C to +205°C

Silicone core with FEP encapsulation

-60°C to +205°C

FKM core with PFA encapsulation

-20°C to +205°C

Silicone core with PFA encapsulation

-60°C to +260°C

Silicone hollow core with FEP encapsulation

-60°C to +205°C

Silicone hollow core with PFA encapsulation

-60°C to +260°C

Version	Characteristics
FKM core with FEP encapsulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard solution • Low compression set
Silicone core with FEP encapsulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Better low temperature behavior than FKM
FKM core with PFA encapsulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High abrasion resistance of the PFA encapsulation
Silicone core with PFA encapsulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use in very wide temperature range, especially in extreme temperatures
FKM hollow core with FEP encapsulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low contact pressure • Use in sensitive equipment, such as glass
FKM hollow core with PFA encapsulation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low contact forces • Use in sensitive equipment, such as glass • Use in expanded temperature range

Teflon® and Viton® are registered trademarks of The Chemours Company.